

Moorebank Precinct West Stage 1

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SYDNEY INTERMODAL TERMINAL ALLIANCE

Moorebank Precinct West Stage 1

Construction Heritage Management Plan

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ACRONYMS AND DEFINITIONS

Acronym/Term	Meaning
ACM	Asbestos Containing Material
CBD	Central Business District
CEMP	Construction Environmental Management Plan
CHL	Commonwealth Heritage List
CHMP	Construction Heritage Management Plan
CoC	Conditions of Consent
CUST	Cullen Universal Steel Truss
DA	Development Application
DEWHA	Department of Environment, Water, Heritage and Arts
DGRs	Director General's Requirements
DP	Deposited Plan
DPE	NSW Department of Planning and Environment
DotEE	Department of the Environment and Energy (formerly Department of Sustainability, Environment, Water, Population and Community)
EA	Environmental Assessment
EEC	Ecologically Endangered Communities
EP&A Act	Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979
EPA	Environment Planning and Assessment
EPBC Act	Environment Protection Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999
EWMS	Environmental Work Method Statements
NPW Act	National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974
OEH	Office of Environment and Heritage
NSWHC	NSW Heritage Council
MPW Main Compound	MPW Early Works (Stage 1) compound relocated in accordance with RfMA 002 to meet future MPW Stage 2 requirements
MPW Stage 1	Moorebank Precinct West Stage 1 – Early Earthworks as approved under SSD 5066
Non-compliance	An occurrence, set of circumstances, or development that results in a non-compliance or is non-compliant with Development Consent SSD 5066 Conditions of Consent or EPBC Act Approval or EPBC Act Approval (EPBC 2011/6086) Conditions of Approval but is not an incident
Non- conformance	Observations or actions that are not in strict accordance with the CEMP and the aspect specific subplan

Acronym/Term	Meaning
Site	Means the project site or work area where the Contractor is undertaking activities on behalf of SIMTA
SoHI	Statement of Heritage Impact
SSD 5066	Means State Significant Development number 5066 – Concept Approval and Early Earthworks Approval for MPW Stage 1
STRARCH	Abbreviation of 'stressed arch' referring to the design of the STRARCH hangar
The Contractor	The company, companies or other legal entity appointed by SIMTA to undertake works under the Project Approval
UST	Underground Storage Tank

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1 INTRODUCTION

This Construction Heritage Management Plan (CHMP) forms part of the Construction Environmental Management Plan (CEMP) to manage the impacts to Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal heritage during the Moorebank Intermodal Land Preparation Works – Demolition and Remediation package ('the project'). This CHMP has been prepared to address the requirements of the Minister's Conditions of Consent (CoC), the Recommended Environmental Mitigation Measures (REMMs), *Environmental Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* approval (EPBC approval) and all applicable legislation relating to the project.

1.1 Project Background

The Moorebank Intermodal Terminal Environmental Assessment (EA) (Parsons Brinkerhoff, 2014) assessed the impacts of construction of the project on Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal heritage. As part of EA development, detailed Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal cultural heritage assessment was prepared to address the Director General's Requirements issued by the then Department of Planning. The assessments were included in the EA as:

- Volume 7, Technical paper 10: Aboriginal heritage assessment (Navin Officer Heritage Consultants 2014).
- Volume 8, Technical Paper11: European heritage impact assessment (non-Aboriginal heritage) (Navin Officer Heritage Consultants 2014).

The following heritage documents were also prepared as part of the response to submissions:

- Aboriginal scar tree assessment (Navin Officer Heritage Consultants 2014).
- Cultural heritage report (Navin Officer Heritage Consultants 2014).
- Cultural heritage archival recordings (Navin Officer Heritage Consultants 2014).

1.2 Study area

The Moorebank Intermodal Terminal is located in Moorebank, NSW. The study area is located in the Liverpool Local Government Area, approximately 30 kilometres south-west of the Sydney CBD and 4 kilometres south of the Liverpool CBD (



Figure 1).

1.3 General scope of works

This scope of work is to undertake demolition and remediation works on MPW Stage 1, in order to provide unencumbered access for the subsequent works package/s. It includes the following:

- Establishment of construction site facilities and management of site security;
- Utility services and stormwater identification, termination and removal
- Heritage salvage and relocation works;
- Demolition of existing infrastructure and buildings;
- Remediation of identified contaminated areas excluding PFAS;

1.3.1 Area of works

The site is divided into two priority areas:

- Priority Area 1 is the area in which most of the demolition and remediation works will be performed and does not contain any Ecologically Endangered Communities (EECs).
- Priority Area 2 is the remainder of the Site not contained within Priority Area 1. It is densely populated with EECs and includes limited demolition and remediation.



Figure 1 Site layout

1.3.2 Heritage Works

Non-Aboriginal Heritage Works

The Non-Aboriginal heritage work will involve the following:

- Demolition or dismantling of the CUST Hut and STRARCH Hangar, dependant on the results of the
 consultation completed in the preparation of the Options for Mitigations Report. Initial indications are that
 components of both structures will be used for used for on-site interpretation, subject to finalisation of the
 Options for Mitigation Report.
- Careful demolition of the concrete floor of the CUST hut under the direction and attendance of a heritage representative in order to identify if the earthen floor is intact and if there is potential for relics and artefacts.
- Where no features or potential for relics of local or Commonwealth significance are identified, the former earthen floor is subject to archival recording by an heritage representative.
- Where features or potential for relics of local or Commonwealth significance are identified archaeological salvage excavation must be conducted in accordance with a research design prepared by the heritage representative prior to the commencement of demolition.
- Heritage salvage of archaeological deposits at MHPAD1 and MHPAD2 in accordance with an archaeological salvage program prepared by the heritage representative.
- Preparation of an Options for Mitigation Report, including the necessary consultation for the B99
 Transport Compound, MH1 Dog Cemetery, CUST Hut, STRARCH Hanger and Commemorative Garden.
- Biosis has reviewed the Navin Officer Heritage Consultants (2014) archival report and determined that no additional archival recording needs to be undertaken.
- Formulate management measures to prevent impact to sites that are to be avoided or mitigated as part of early works.

Details of the non-Aboriginal heritage salvage excavations and the Options for Mitigation Report are included in separate reports.

Aboriginal Heritage Works

The Aboriginal heritage works involves the following:

- Heritage salvage works of Aboriginal sites MA1, MA2, MA3, MA4, MA5 and MA9 in accordance with detailed salvage strategy and investigation program prepared by the heritage representative in consultation with the relevant stakeholders and authorities.
- Upon completion of the salvage works, the archaeologist will determine whether any further investigative
 works are required. If they are required, these will be completed prior to commencement of Early Works.
 If further investigation is not required, then the archaeologist will deem the archaeological salvage to be
 complete and Early Works will commence. Any further finds during Early Works will be treated in line
 with the Unexpected Finds Strategy. Any further archaeological excavation works recommended by the
 results of the Aboriginal archaeological investigation program affecting Aboriginal sites MA5 and MA9.

Details of the Aboriginal Salvage works is included in a separate report.

1.4 Environmental Management Document System

The CHMP is part of MPW Stage 1 environmental management framework for the project. In accordance with the requirements of CoC D21(c), this CHMP has been developed in consultation with the Heritage Council of NSW, the NSW Office of Environment and Heritage (OEH) and registered Aboriginal stakeholders. Further details of the consultation are provided in section 3 of this CHMP.

The combination of the CEMP, sub-plans strategies, procedures and Environmental Work Method Statement identify the required environmental management actions for implementation by the Contractor's personnel and sub-contractors.

The review and document control procedures for this CHMP are described in section 8 of the CEMP.

1.5 Purpose and Objectives

The purpose of this CHMP is to describe how Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal heritage will be protected and managed by the Contractor during the project. The key objective of the CHMP is to ensure that impacts to Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal heritage are minimised and within the scope permitted by the project approval. Specific objectives include:

- Facilitating engagement and partnership with the local Aboriginal community to appropriately manage the Aboriginal cultural heritage values associated with the project.
- Ensuring appropriate controls and procedures are implemented during construction activities to avoid or minimise potential adverse impacts to Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal heritage associated with the project.
- Ensuring appropriate measures are implemented to address the relevant CoCs, REMMs and EPBC approval outlined in Table 1 and Table 2.
- Ensuring appropriate measures are implemented to comply with all relevant legislation and other requirements as described in Section 2 of this CHMP.

Heritage advice has been prepared relating to the CUST Hut, STRARCH Hangar, B99 Transport Workshop, MH1 Dog Cemetery, RAE Chapel and Commemorative Garden. The outcomes of this advice has concluded that the CUST Hut and STRARCH Hanger will need to be demolished with components being salvaged for use as part of the Heritage Interpretation Strategy. The B99 Transport Compound and RAE Chapel require no further works. The MH1 Dog Cemetery is to be subject to a program of excavation to identify and retrieve canine remains. The archival report for the MH1 Dog Cemetery will be updated with the results of the salvage and additional research. It should be noted that at this time the Options for Mitigation Report (included in a separate report) is indicative and not finalised. The Heritage Interpretation Strategy is being prepared by a third party and will incorporate the results of the salvage works and previous consultation.

It should be noted that Navin Officer Heritage Consultants have completed all archival recordings pertinent to the CoCs, REMMs and other project approvals, as such archival recordings do not form part of the mitigation strategies within this CHMP.

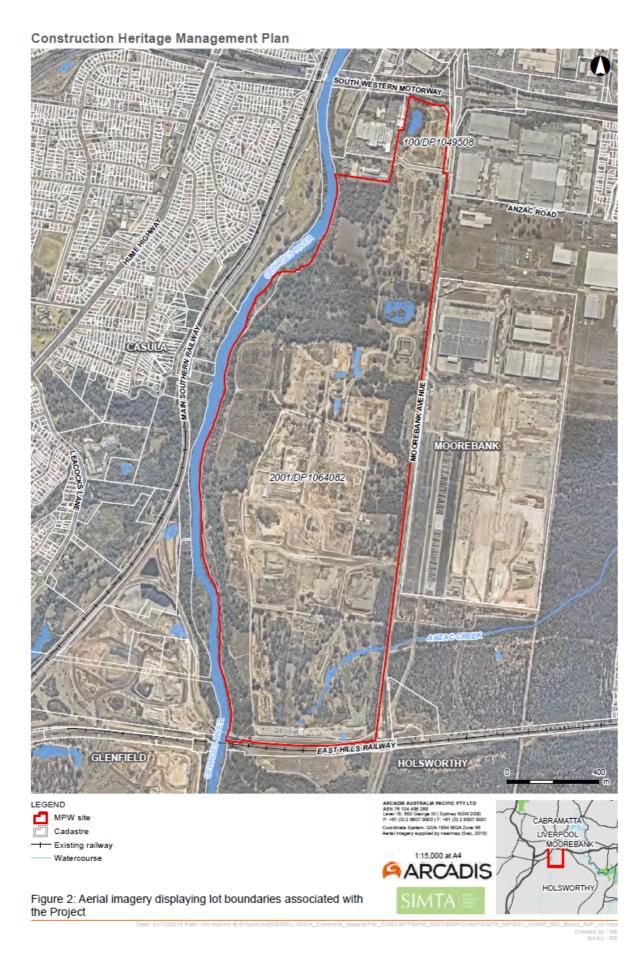


Figure 2 Aerial imagery displaying lot boundaries associated with the study area

2 ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

The following section outlines the environmental requirements of the project including relevant legislation and guidelines that have been used to assist in the formulation of this CHMP.

2.1 Relevant Legislation and Guidelines

Legislation relevant to heritage management includes:

- Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (EP&A Act)
- National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974 (NPW Act)
- Heritage Act 1977 (Heritage Act)
- Environment Protection Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999 (EPBC Act) (Commonwealth)
- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Heritage Protection Act 1984 (Commonwealth).

The main guidelines, specifications and policy documents relevant to this CHMP include:

- Aboriginal cultural heritage consultation requirements for proponents 2010 (DECCW, 2010)
- Altering Heritage Assets (Heritage Office and DUAP 1996)
- Assessing Significance for Archaeological Heritage Sites and Relics (NSW Heritage Branch Department of Planning)
- Archaeological Assessment Guidelines (NSW Heritage Office and NSW Department of Urban Affairs and Planning 1996)
- How to Prepare Archival Recording of Heritage Items (Heritage Office, 1998)
- Photographic Recording of Heritage Items Using Film or Digital Capture (Heritage Office 2006)
- The Burra Charter: The Australia ICOMOS Charter for Places of Cultural Significance (2013)
- The code of practice for the investigation of Aboriginal objects in New South Wales 2010 (DECCW, 2010).

2.2 Ministers Conditions of Consent

The CoC, REMMs and EPBC approval conditions relevant to this CHMP including where these are addressed in this CHMP or in other project management documents are outlined in Table 1.





Table 1 Conditions of Consent relevant to this CHMP

CoC No.	Condition requirements	CHMP reference
CoCs rela	ating to the CHMP	
	A Construction Heritage Management Plan to ensure construction impacts on Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal heritage will be appropriately avoided minimised and managed. The Plan shall be developed in consultation with OEH, the relevant Council, the NSW Heritage Council (for non-Aboriginal State heritage items) and the relevant Local Aboriginal Land Councils (for Aboriginal heritage), and include but not necessarily be limited to:	Section 3.1
	(i) in relation to Aboriginal heritage:	
	(a) details of management measures to be carried out in relation to Aboriginal heritage, including a detailed methodology and strategies for protection, monitoring, and conservation of sites and items;	Section 6
D21(c)	(b) procedures for dealing with previously unidentified Aboriginal objects (excluding human remains), including cessation of works in the vicinity, assessment of the significance of the item(s) and determination of appropriate mitigation measures, including when works can re-commence, by a suitable qualitied and experienced archaeologist in consultation with the Secretary and Aboriginal stakeholders, assessment of the consistency of any Aboriginal heritage impacts of the SSD, and, where relevant registration in the OEH's Aboriginal Heritage Information Management System (AHIMS) register.	Strategy 2, Section 6.2
	(c) procedures for dealing with human remains, including cessation of works in the vicinity, notification of the Secretary, NSW Police Force, OEH and Aboriginal stakeholders and commitment to cease recommencing any works in the area unless authorised by the OEH and/or the NSW Police Force.	Strategy 4, Section 6.2
	(d) heritage training and induction processes for construction personnel (including procedures for keeping records of inductions) and obligations under the conditions of this approval including site identification, protection and conservation of Aboriginal cultural heritage; and	Strategy 1, Section 6.2
	(e) procedures for ongoing Aboriginal consultation and involvement for the duration of the Early Works; and	Section 0
	(ii) in relation to non-Aboriginal heritage:	
	(a) identification of heritage items directly and indirectly affected by the Early Works;	Section 5.2
	(b) consideration of methods to prevent damage to any retained heritage items, including:	No heritage items to be retained. Additional salvage works are outlined in Strategy 5.





CoC No.	Condition requirements	CHMP reference
	 i. procedures for identifying minimum working distances to retained heritage items (including, at minimum, vibration testing and monitoring), ii. detailed options for alteration of construction methodology should preferred values for vibration be exceeded. 	N/A
	iii. commitment to implementing those options if preferred values for vibration are likely to be included.	N/A
	(c) details of management measures to be implemented to prevent and minimise impacts on heritage items (including further heritage investigations, archival recordings and/or measures to protect unaffected sites during construction works in the vicinity);	Section 1.3.2, Strategy 5 and 6
	(d) details of monitoring and reporting requirements for impacts on heritage items;	Section 7
	(e) procedures for dealing with previously unidentified heritage objects (including cessation of works in the vicinity, assessment of the significance of the item(s) and determination of appropriate mitigation measures including when works can re-commence by a suitably qualified and experienced archaeologist in consultation with OEH, NSW Heritage Council and the Secretary, assessment of the consistency of any heritage impacts against the approved impacts of the SSD, and, where relevant, notification of the Heritage Council of NSW in accordance with section 146 of the Heritage Act 1977, and	Strategy 3
	 (f) heritage training and induction processes for construction personnel (including procedures for keeping records of inductions and obligations under this approval including site identification, protection and conservation of non- Aboriginal cultural heritage; and 	Strategy 1, section 6.2
	(iii) mechanisms for the monitoring, review and amendment of this plan.	Section 8.2
Specific A	Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal heritage CoCs	
B6	The Applicant shall not harm, modify or otherwise impact any heritage items outside of the subject site.	Strategy 5, Section 6.2
В7	Prior to the commencement of Early Work affecting MA1, MA2, MA3, MA4 MA5, and MA9, the applicant shall: (a) develop a detailed salvage strategy, prepared in consultation with the OEH (Aboriginal heritage) and the Aboriginal stakeholders. The investigation program shall be prepared to the satisfaction of the Secretary; and	Aboriginal heritage salvage strategy (Biosis 2016a).
	(b) undertake any further archaeological excavation works recommended by the results of the Aboriginal archaeological excavation program.	Salvage excavations at MA5 and MA9 need to be completed in accordance with the above
	Within twelve months of completing the above work, unless otherwise agreed by the Secretary, the Applicant shall submit a report containing the findings of the excavations, including artefact analysis and Aboriginal Site Impacts Recording Forms	strategy prior to works commencing in these areas. The





CoC No.	Condition requirements	CHMP reference
	(ASIR), and the identification of final storage for all Aboriginal objects recovered (testing and salvage), prepared in consultation with the Aboriginal stakeholders, the OEH (Aboriginal heritage) and to the satisfaction of the Secretary.	requirement for further excavations will be established upon the completion of the Aboriginal salvage strategy.
	Prior to the commencement of Early Works affecting non-Aboriginal sites MHPAD1 and MHPAD2, the Applicant shall undertake any further archaeological excavation works recommended by the results of the non-Aboriginal excavation program.	Non-Aboriginal heritage salvage strategy (Biosis 2016b).
B8	Within 12 months of completing the above work, unless otherwise agreed by the Secretary, the Applicant shall submit a report containing the findings of the excavations, including artefact analysis and the identification of a final repository for finds, prepared in consultation with the OEH (Heritage branch) and to the satisfaction of the Secretary.	Salvage excavations need to be completed in accordance with the above strategy prior to works commencing in these areas.
		Non-Aboriginal heritage advice (Biosis 2016c)
В9	Prior to the commencement of Early Works affecting the CUST Hut, RAAF STRARCH Hangar, the Dog Cemetery and Commemorative Gardens, the Applicant shall prepare a report in consultation with the Heritage Council of NSW, the local Council and the local Historical Society which considers options for mitigation of these items. In relation to the Dog Cemetery, consultation should also occur with the School of Military Engineering's Explosive Detection Dog's Unit. The report shall include the archival recordings and historical research, where required, to the Secretary, the Heritage Council of NSW, the local Council and local Historical Society.	Canine remains within the Dog Cemetery need to be salvaged in accordance with the mitigation advice need to occur prior to works at this location.
		Archaeological excavation of potential deposits beneath the CUST Hut need to occur prior to works at this location.
		Options for Mitigation Report (separate document).
Aborigina	al and non Aboriginal REMMs	
12A	Where reasonable and feasible, options would be explored to conserve moderate to high significance sites in situ.	N/A
12B	An Aboriginal heritage interpretation strategy for the Project would be developed in close consultation with the registered Aboriginal parties.	Outside of scope of early works.





CoC No.	Condition requirements	CHMP reference
12C	Options for managing impacts at sites MA6 and MA7 would be explored during the detailed design phase in consultation with registered Aboriginal parties (RAP). If the scars are considered to be of Aboriginal origin, possible management options include: Conservation of the tree(s) in situ. This would involve designing the project to ensure that the tree(s) would not be impacted. Salvage and conservation of the tree(s), or the scarred portion of the tree's trunk, at a location outside the project area. In the event there is not a consensus of views among all of the RAPs, it is recommended that a precautionary approach be taken. This would involve acting upon statements of the tree(s) holding cultural value, even if only a minority of RAPs view either or both trees as holding cultural value.	Outside of scope of early works.
12D	An archaeological salvage excavation program would be implemented to preserve archaeological deposits of moderate to high archaeological/scientific significance located within the construction footprint (items recorded at MA5 and MA9). Consideration would be given to conserving both sites in situ, within open space reserves, or as an extension of the proposed conservation zone.	Strategy 5
12E	A surface salvage program would be carried out to conserve surface artefacts located within the construction footprint (items recorded at MA1, MA2, MA3 and MA4). Salvage of surface artefacts would be undertaken before any impacts in these areas.	Strategy 5
12F	The Unanticipated Discoveries Protocol described in Appendix 10 of Technical Paper 10 – Aboriginal Heritage Impact Assessment in Volume 7 of the EIS, would be followed in the event that historical items or relics or suspected burials are encountered during construction works.	Strategy 3
12G	Consultation would be ongoing with the registered Aboriginal parties during construction of the Project and would include: consultation on the future care and management of recovered Aboriginal objects; methodologies for any future investigations; and finalisation of management and mitigation strategies subject to detailed design.	Section 0
13A	Road names within the School of Military Engineering (SME) would be retained where possible.	Outside of scope of early works.
13B	Continued commemoration of significant events and individuals would be considered through the naming of buildings, streets and the rail bridge proposed for construction as part of the Project.	Outside of scope of early works.
13C	Where reasonable and feasible options exist for avoiding impacts on one or more identified heritage items, preference would be given to conserving items of Commonwealth or State significance.	Strategy 5
13D	Where avoidance of impacts on a heritage item is not reasonable or feasible, mitigation works inclusive of archival recordings, salvage of archaeological deposits, relocation of significant elements of the built environment and/or adaptive reuse would be undertaken.	Strategy 5





CoC No.	Condition requirements	CHMP reference
13E	A European heritage interpretation strategy would be developed in close consultation with local historical societies, former and current staff and military personnel.	Outside of scope of early works.
13F	No impacts would occur within the potential archaeological deposits (PAD) boundaries of Moorebank Historical Potential Archaeological Deposit (MHPAD) 1 and MHPAD2 without prior archaeological salvage, as these sites contain archaeological deposits, inclusive of in-situ building remains, that are assessed to be of local significance in the context of the history of military housing and training at Moorebank.	Strategy 5
13G	In addition to archival recording of the Transport Compound Workshop (B99), consideration would be given during the detailed design stage to the in-situ conservation or adaptive reuse of this structure within the Project site. This would assist with mitigation of heritage impacts on the structure itself and the Moorebank Cultural Landscape as a whole.	Strategy 5
13H	In addition to archival recording, the Dog Cemetery (MH1) would be repositioned and the individual graves reinterred. This would be carried out in accordance with the wishes of the SMEs Explosive Detection Dogs unit and respecting the social value of the site.	Strategy 5
131	In addition to archival recording, consideration would be given during detailed design to the in-situ conservation of the Commemorative Garden (MH6). If in situ conservation is not possible, the plaques and planting should be relocated to an alternative location on public display within the Project.	Strategy 5
13J	For the southern rail access, heritage item Railway viaduct, Main Southern Railway Line (Item 12) should be noted on all plans and maps during construction and all care taken to avoid this item.	Outside of scope of early works.
13K	The Unanticipated Discoveries Protocol (detailed in Appendix 7 of Technical Paper 11 – European Heritage Impact Assessment in Volume 8) would be followed in the event that historical items or relics or suspected burials are encountered during excavation works.	Strategy 3
13L	The Unanticipated Discoveries Protocol (detailed in Appendix 7 of Technical Paper 11 – European Heritage Impact Assessment in Volume 8) would be followed in the event that historical maritime items or relics are encountered during bridge works within the Georges River.	Outside of scope of early works.
	Further consideration would be given to options for the retention and/or relocation and adaptive reuse of the CUST Hut and the RAAF STRARCH Hangar to mitigate impacts on heritage values associated with these structures and to broaden their cultural landscape.	
13M	Options considered for mitigation in order of preference are:	Strategy 5
	Relocation (either offsite or onsite) and conserve/adaptive reuse – this would be investigated further as part of the detailed design and any future development applications.	





CoC No.	Condition requirements	CHMP reference			
	Interpretive commemoration utilising materials/elements from the building – this may be required but would be determined by the findings from investigations in option 1 above.				
	Demolition may be required but would be determined by the findings from investigations in option 1 above.				
	The first preference would be to retain and adaptively re-use these items on the redeveloped Project site (within the precinct but outside the secure area, as part of the administrative facilities or similar). If this is not feasible or practicable, the second preference would be for relocation to another appropriate location, potentially with adaptive reuse.				
EPBC ap	proval – Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal heritage requirements				
	Sections of the CEMP and OEMP relating to Aboriginal heritage must be prepared by a suitably qualified expert and must:				
	be consistent with the Aboriginal Heritage Provisional Environmental Management Framework (2 July 2014), provided at Appendix O to the finalised EIS.				
C11	incorporate all measures 12A to 12G from Table 7.1 of the finalised EIS that are described as 'mandatory'.	This CHMP			
	explain how all measures 12A to 12G from Table 7.1 of the finalised EIS that are described as 'subject to review' have been addressed.				
	be approved by the Minister or a relevant New South Wales regulator.				
	11.12. Sections of the CEMP and OEMP relating to European heritage must be prepared by a suitably qualified expert and must:				
	be consistent with the European Heritage Provisional Environmental Framework (2 July 2014), provided at Appendix O to the finalised EIS				
C12	incorporate all measures 13A to 13M from Table 7.1 of the finalised EIS that are described as 'mandatory'	This CHMP			
	explain how all measures 13A to 13M from Table 7.1 of the finalised EIS that are described as 'subject to review' have been addressed				
	be approved by the Minister or a relevant New South Wales regulator.				



2.3 Required outcomes

Based upon the CoCs a list of required outcomes, their timing and reference to their outcomes are addressed in this CHMP and are outlined in Table 2.

Table 2 Required outcomes relevant to this CHMP

Outcome	Ref#	Timing	CHMP reference
Strategy 1: Heritage Inductions	D21(c)(i)(d)	For all staff prior to commencing work	Strategy 1
Strategy 2: Aboriginal heritage unexpected finds protocol	D21(c)(i)(b) REMM 12F, 13K	Continuously	Strategy 2
Strategy 3: Historical heritage unexpected finds protocol	D21(c)(ii)(e), REMM 12F, 13K	Continuously	Strategy 3
Strategy 4: Unexpected human remains protocol	D21(c)(I)(c), REMM 12F, 13K	Continuously	Strategy 4
Strategy 5: Further Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal investigations	B6-B9, 12D, 12E, 13C,13D, 13F, 13I, 13M	Prior to Early Works commencing	Strategy 5
Strategy 6: Demarcation of retained sites	D21(c)(I)(c),	During Early Works	Strategy 6



3 CONSULTATION

3.1 Consultation for Preparation of the CHMP

This CHMP has been developed in consultation with the Heritage Council of NSW, the OEH and registered Aboriginal stakeholders, in accordance with CoC D21(c). A record of consultation undertaken during the preparation of this CHMP is provided in Table 3.

Table 3 Summary of consultation undertaken during the preparation of the CHMP

Organisation	Date	Outcome
	CHMP was submitted to Liverpool City Council for review on 26th September 2016.	Under review.
	Followed up with phone calls and voice messages were left on 28th and 29th September 2016 to check review status.	Council declined to attended site meeting 5th October 2016 via email.
Liverpool City Council (LCC)	Meeting with LCC on 4 October 2016 with Ash Chan. An overview of scope of works was delivered. Liberty offered an invitation to heritage committee meeting on site to discuss the CEMP and sub plans (including CHMP). Invitation sent on the 5th October 2016.	Council recommends that no demolition of the CUST Hut and STRARCH Hanger should occur until such time as the Interpretation Strategy be reviewed and amended by Tactical. LCC response sent to Tactical for consideration.
	Response received from LCC 22nd November 2016 in regard to CHMP.	Consultation complete. LCC comments are addressed in the Options for Mitigation Report.
	CHMP submitted to OEH for review on 26th September 2016.	Under review.
	Phone calls and voice messages left on 27th and 29th September 2016 to check review status.	Under review.
Office of Environment and Heritage	Followed up with a phone call and voice message left on 17th November 2016 to check review status. Called Richard on 9th January 2017 to follow up on review status, no answer.	Under review.
	Called OEH general number and left message for Susan Harrison. She advised that they have been busy the past few months and have been focusing on project pre-approvals not the post approval project plans we have submitted.	OEH responded on 18th January 2017 acknowledging that Biosis sought consultation on 19th September 2016 as per the conditions of consent. OEH commented that they were unable to review the strategy.
		Consultation closed.
Local Aboriginal Land Council(s)	Conservation Heritage Management Plan was submitted to Local Aboriginal Land Council(s) (Tharawal) on 26 September 2016 for a period of 28 days for their review.	Under review.
		No response.





Organisation	Date	Outcome
	Phone calls and messages with voice messages left on 17 October 2016. No further comments received.	
	Tharawal have indicated on 16 January 2017 that the Construction Heritage Management Plan is acceptable with no further comments.	Consultation closed.
	CHMP was submitted for review on 31st January 2017.	Under review.
	Followed up a phone call and discussed the review of the plan with Rebecca Newell.	
	1st February 2017 - Rebecca responded via email acknowledging receipt of the CHMP.	Under review.
NSW Heritage Council	Phone call to Rebecca to follow up on review of the CHMP, as the allocated review period of 21 days has passed since the document was emailed for review. Rebecca advised that she is dealing with DPE directly and Tactical and Liberty should not contact the Heritage Council but contact DPE for feedback.	Under review.
(NSWHC)	Response received from NSW Heritage Council via DPE on 26 April 2017. The correspondence states that: Each section is updated to clearly indicate who will complete these works particularly interpretation and mitigation recommended in the finalised Options for Mitigation report.	The report has been updated to assign responsibility to individual companies, specifically Section 6.1. Tactical provided clarity around the interpretation requirements for the site and their completion. The Options for Mitigation Report is final
	Clarification is provided on the interpretation requirements for the site, particularly the STRARCH Hangar and when they will be completed.	and no further amendments to this report will be made outside of those set out in Section 8.
	Section 8.1 is updated to indicate that updates will be made to the CHMP based on the results of the finalised Options for Mitigation report and interpretation plan.	

3.2 Aboriginal Consultation Undertaken as Part of the Project Approval

Consultation and collaboration with registered Aboriginal stakeholders have been integral to the assessment and management of Aboriginal cultural heritage for the project. Consultation undertaken to date is outlined in the EA, this was undertaken in accordance with the Aboriginal cultural heritage consultation requirements for proponents 2010 (DECCW, 2010).



3.3 Ongoing Aboriginal Consultation

Ongoing consultation between the Contractor, SIMTA and Aboriginal stakeholders regarding the management of Aboriginal cultural heritage associated with the project will continue. Ongoing consultation will consist of the following actions:

- Review of the completed salvage strategy.
- Commencement of the salvage works.
- Completion of the salvage works.
- Outcomes of any unexpected Aboriginal finds.
- Other consultation in the development of future documentation such as Heritage Interpretation strategies (outside of the scope of this CEMP).

Following consultation with the various stakeholders, the CHMP will be updated to include any comments raised and to document the consultation undertaken.

In the event of an unexpected Aboriginal heritage find, the Contractor and SIMTA will consult with registered Aboriginal stakeholders regarding the management of Aboriginal heritage items.



4 EXISTING ENVIRONMENT

The following sections summarise what is known about Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal heritage within and adjacent to the study area based on information provided in:

- Volume 7, Technical paper 10: Aboriginal heritage assessment (Navin Officer Heritage Consultants 2014a).
- Volume 8, Technical Paper11: European heritage impact assessment (non-Aboriginal heritage) (Navin Officer Heritage Consultants 2014b).

The following heritage documents were also prepared as part of the response to submissions:

- Aboriginal scar tree assessment (Navin Officer Heritage Consultants 2014c).
- Cultural heritage report (Navin Officer Heritage Consultants 2014d).
- Cultural heritage archival recordings (Navin Officer Heritage Consultants 2014e).

4.1 Aboriginal cultural heritage

The Aboriginal cultural heritage values were subject to assessment through the following processes:

- Literature and database review
- Archaeological survey
- Archaeological testing
- Aboriginal consultation
- Assessment of significance and proposed impacts.

Based upon these tasks fourteen Aboriginal heritage sites are associated with the project have been identified, these are detailed in Table 4 including early works requirements for the sites. Their locations are identified in Figure 3.

Table 4 Aboriginal heritage sites associated with the project.

		Significance		To be mitigated
Site	Description	Burra Charter	CHL	as part of Early works program
MA1	This recording consists of three surface artefacts on or adjacent to an approximate 90 m interval of roadway near the entrance to the Initial Employment Training Squadron Building. The area was noted to be extensively disturbed by earthworks, importation of fill and gravel, and the installation of underground services. A total of four mechanical test pits were excavated which retrieved eight artefacts.	Low	Yes	Yes
MA2	This recording consists of a single artefact (banded grey fine grained metamorphic sedimentary rock) situated in a shallow scald within mown grass north of the entry gates to the SME. The area has undergone vegetation clearance, agricultural development, grading, soil removal and construction of surface drainage.	Low	Yes	Yes
MA3	This recording consists of a single artefact located at the base of the cut and graded Tertiary terrace edge and is approximately 300 m south of MA4 (Figure 20.3). The area has been extensively disturbed by Defence-related earthworks and excavations. The artefact was a banded grey-grey green rhyolite multi-platform core.	Low	Yes	Yes





		Signif	icance	To be mitigated	
Site	Site Description		CHL	as part of Early works program	
MA4	This recording is a low density artefact scatter of three artefacts exposed on the edge of a Tertiary terrace and situated on a gravelled dirt track. The track slopes down onto river flats, which were highly disturbed by excavation and landscaping.	Low	Yes	Yes	
MA5	This recording consists of three artefacts situated on the high side of an artificially benched slope atop the Tertiary terrace, and adjacent to the lower lying dirt pan. Eleven pits were excavated within MA5 (nine mechanical and two hand excavated). A total of 110 artefacts were retrieved. The excavations indicated that the site may have the potential to contain an intact deposit that reflects sporadic activity through time.	Moderate to high	Yes	Yes	
MA6	The scarred tree is an old growth Eucalyptus in fair to good health, with a number of hollows and missing limbs. The scar was of an irregular and asymmetrical shape and was assessed to be of possible Aboriginal origin. The scar on MA6 has been estimated to be between 265 and 219 years old.	High	Yes	No	
MA7	The scarred tree was recorded as a smooth barked Eucalyptus (Red gum). The tree is located close to a playing field and the Tertiary terrace edge, and is approximately 80–100 m from the river. The scar regrowth is irregular and the age of the tree and the scar may be post-European settlement. It was assessed to be of possible Aboriginal origin. MA7 has been estimated to been made 86 years ago	High	Yes	No	
MA8	The scarred tree was recorded as a rough barked Eucalyptus, becoming smooth barked two thirds of the way up the trunk. The tree is located approximately 60 m from the river. The scar may have been caused by machinery during the cutting and benching of the area. A possible Aboriginal origin is supported by the possible age and symmetrical shape of the scar, the amount of scar regrowth and the tree type, as well as its proximity to the Georges River.	High	Yes	No	
MA9 (MA PAD 1)	This recording consists of the banks and a fringing 50 m radius around a natural lake basin situated in the far northern portion of the project site. This lake basin is situated close to the riparian corridor of the Georges River. It provides a strong basis for predicting evidence of past Aboriginal occupation along its original banks and surrounds. A total of 10 hand excavated pits were excavated within MA9 which identified 130 artefacts.	Moderate to high	Yes	Yes	
MA10 (MRSA 1)	This potential archaeological deposit was described by AHMS (2012) as a river terrace running along the eastern side of the Georges River, based on the landform, the presence of intact soil profile and the presence of artefacts. A total of six hand excavated pits were excavated within MA10 with 16 artefacts retrieved.	Moderate to low	Yes	No	
MRSA2 (MA14)	MRSA2 is located on the tertiary terrace edge of the Georges River. A total of 7 test pits were completed at MRSA2 with a total of 34 artefacts were recovered.	Moderate to high	Yes	No	





Site		Signit	ficance	To be mitigated
	Description	Burra Charter	CHL	as part of Early works program
MA PAD 2 (Unit 1) MA PAD 2 (Unit 2)	MAPAD2 is located on an archaeologically sensitive landform. Disturbance within this PAD is moderate, and is mostly related to previous use as a golf course. The most common impacts on the original ground surface of this landform are earthworks, resulting in both cuttings into and capping of the PAD. As the deposit depth is considered to be more than 1 m, archaeological subsurface potential exists in both disturbed (cut into and capped) and undisturbed areas of this PAD. As part of the subsurface testing program 45 test pits were excavated across MAPAD2 comprising 37 by-hand test pits and eight mechanical pits. A total of 14 artefacts were recovered from 9 pits (Pits 1, 5, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14, 34 and 42. This testing program led to the identification of MA11, MA12 and MA13.	High	Potentially	No
MA 11	MA 11 consists of artefacts associated with the Unit 3 fill that has been reworked and deposited as the result of mechanical earth works at the southern end of MAPAD2 (Pits 1 and 5).	Low	No	No
MA 12	MA12 consists of artefacts associated with Unit 2 fluvial sands across the central southern portion of MAPAD2 (Pits 9, 10, 12, 13, 14 and 42).	Low	Yes	No
MA 13	MA13 is a single artefact associated with the Unit 1 silts at the northern end of the test area (Pit 34, Spit 9).	Low	Yes	No
PAD2	PAD2 is located 40m outside of the impact area. 1	Unknown	Unknown	No

¹ AHMS 2012 indicate that at this stage the significance of PAD2 (formerly referred to as MA14) cannot be determined based upon the current information. It may contain high research potential based upon the landforms ability to contain undisturbed archaeological deposits.



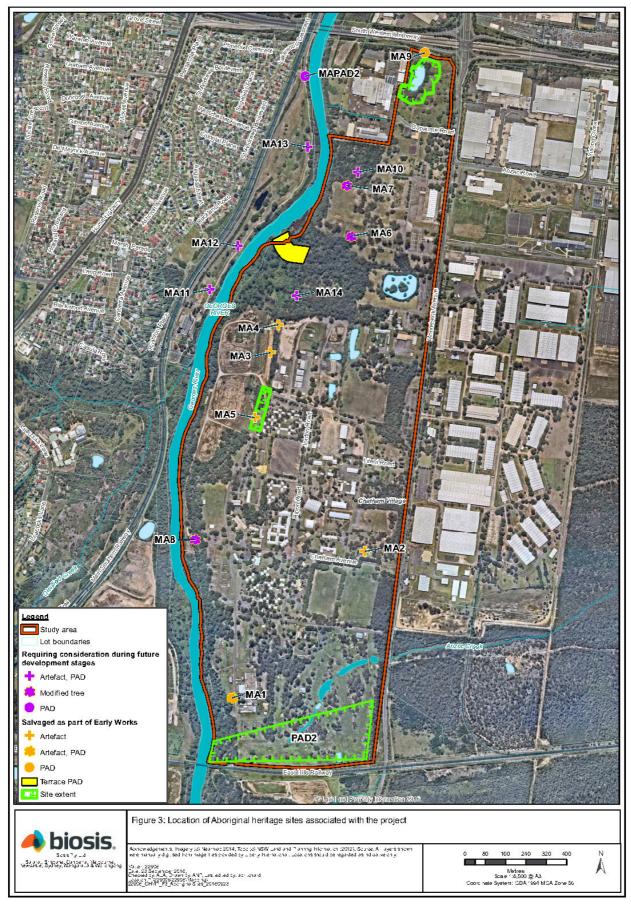


Figure 3 Location of Aboriginal heritage sites associated with the project



4.2 Non-Aboriginal Heritage

The assessment of non-Aboriginal heritage values within the study area was undertaken through the completion of the following tasks:

- Literature and database review
- Assessment of the built and non-built environment
- Archaeological test excavation
- Assessment of the cultural landscape and social values
- Assessment of the heritage significance and heritage impacts for individual items.

The non-Aboriginal assessment identified the following sequence of occupation within the study area:

- Pre-Non-Aboriginal (Aboriginal)
- The Moorebank and Collingwood Estates
- Military use and land tenure up to World War II
- World War II
- Post War 1940s and 1950s
- 1960s and 1970s
- 1980s onwards.

The physical characteristics associated with the study area can be defined and characterised as a heritage landscape that exists across four precincts and is associated with several key archaeological features and areas of archaeological potential. These are summarised in Table 5 including their status as part of the early works program. Their locations are identified in Figure 4.





Table 5 Non-Aboriginal heritage sites associated with the project

Site ID	Description	Signif	To be mitigated as part of Early		
		NSW	Commonwealth	works program	
Archaeological feature	s				
MH1	Dog Cemetery	Local	Yes	Yes	
MH2	Drainage ditches (military origin)	Nil		No	
МН3	Portion of light rail (not in situ)	Nil		No	
MH4	Portion of light rail (not in situ)	Nil		No	
MH5	Large above ground concrete slab (military origin)	Nil		No	
МН6	Commemorative garden	Local	Yes	Yes	
MH7	Liverpool Golf Course	Nil		No	
-	CUST Hut	State	Yes	Yes	
-	RAAF STRARCH Hangar	State	Yes	Yes	
B99	Building 99	Local	No	Yes	
-	Remaining elements of the RAE Museum Sandstone Wall	Local	Yes	No	
-	Remaining elements of the RAE Chapel	Local	Yes	Yes	
Areas of archaeologica	al potential				
MHPAD1	Potential archaeological deposit – Titalka Park (location of former group of WWII buildings and WWI isolation camp)	Local	Yes	Yes	
MHPAD2	Potential archaeological deposit (location of WWII period buildings)	Local	Yes	Yes	
MHPAD3	Remnant paved and garden areas in the vicinity of the former Drill Hall group of buildings (former buildings B36 – 40)	Nil		No	



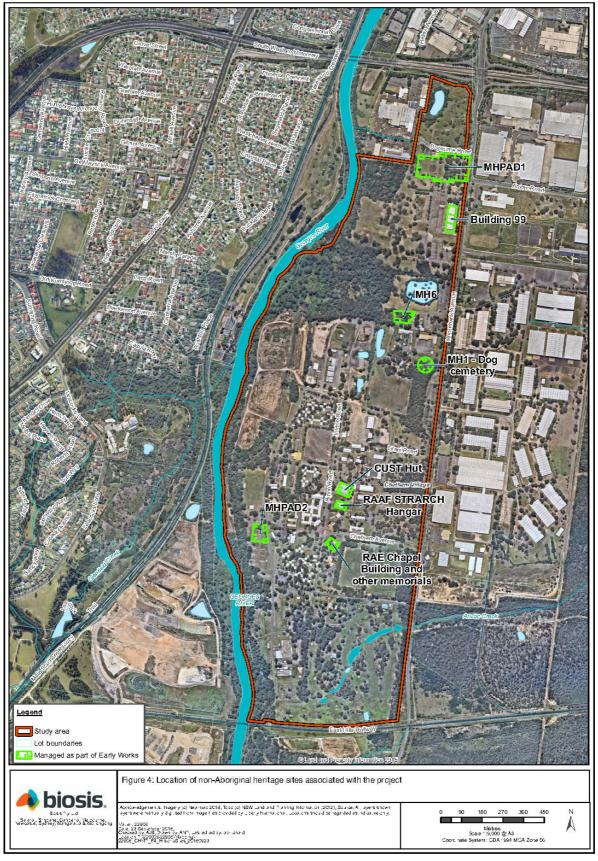


Figure 4 Location of non-Aboriginal heritage sites associated with the project



5 ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECTS AND IMPACTS

The key construction activities and the associated potential impacts to heritage values (both Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal) were identified through a risk management approach. The consequence and likelihood of each activity's impact on the environment was assessed to prioritise its significance.

5.1 Aboriginal heritage impacts

The potential impacts on Aboriginal heritage recordings include:

- Direct impacts and disturbance to the entire site or the majority of a site containing Aboriginal objects due to the construction of the project. This impact can be complete or partial.
- Indirect impacts to Aboriginal objects or cultural values, such as from development related changes to the landscape or scenic context of a site or item.

Impacts to Aboriginal heritage sites as outlined in Navin Officer Heritage Consultants 2014a are presented in Table 6.

Table 6 Impacts to Aboriginal heritage sites as outlined in the CoCs and Navin Officer Heritage Consultants 2014a

Aboriginal Site	Location relative to indicative concept layouts	Impact
MA1	To be impacted by Early Works	Salvage
MA2	To be impacted by Early Works	Salvage
MA3	To be impacted by Early Works	Salvage
MA4	To be impacted by Early Works	Salvage
MA5	To be impacted by Early Works	Salvage
MA6	Outside Early Works	Conserve – implement No-Go zones as part of Strategy 6.
MA7	Outside Early Works	Conserve – implement No-Go zones as part of Strategy 6.
MA8	Outside Early Works	Conserve – implement No-Go zones as part of Strategy 6.
MA9	To be impacted by Early Works	Salvage
MA10	Outside Early Works	Conserve – implement No-Go zones as part of Strategy 6.
MA11	Outside Early Works	Conserve – implement No-Go zones as part of Strategy 6.
MA12	Outside Early Works	Conserve – implement No-Go zones as part of Strategy 6.
MA13	Outside Early Works	Conserve – implement No-Go zones as part of Strategy 6.
MA14	Outside Early Works	Conserve – implement No-Go zones as part of Strategy 6.

In the event that additional disturbance is anticipated to occur outside of the CoCs; then these disturbances will need to undergo additional heritage assessment and impact mitigation processes prior to the commencement of any associated works. It is likely that any additional impacts outside of the CoCs would need to be assessed as a modification to the existing approval or as part of a Review of Environmental Effects.

All cultural material will be dealt within in accordance with the care arrangements for Aboriginal objects for the project; this has been negotiated to specify that all Aboriginal objects will be reburied on site.

5.2 Non-Aboriginal heritage impacts

The potential impacts of the project on non-Aboriginal heritage can be categorised as follows:

- A whole or complete degree of direct impact to a heritage item resulting in the physical loss of the item.
- Partial or minor direct impact to heritage item(s).
- Indirect impacts, such as to the contextual and landscape values associated with an item.



- Indirect impact to items of heritage which could be moved to avoid direct impact and as a consequence lose contextual integrity.
- No significant impact. This category involves instances where the development would either not pose an
 impact to a heritage item (direct or indirect) or any impacts would be insignificant and would not reduce
 the heritage value or significance of the item.

The Moorebank Units Relocation Project resulted in many of the heritage items that comprised Steele Barracks being relocated to Holsworthy Barracks as part of the mitigation of heritage impacts to the base. Statements of Heritage Impact (SoHI) have been prepared for all impacted heritage items, with the overall impact being assessed as acceptable, subject to the implementation of management recommendations.

Table 7 Impacts to non-Aboriginal heritage sites as per Navin Officer Heritage Consultants 2014b

. diore :paete t	o mom / worngine	ii nomago ondo do por riav	in Onicer Hentage Consultants 20	UTD
Site ID	Location relative to indicative concept layouts	Aspects of the project that respect or enhance the item's heritage significance	Aspects that could detrimentally affect the item's heritage significance	Resultant impact on the item's heritage significance
Moorebank Cultural Landscape	Within construction footprint	Retention of elements of the landscape such as Moorebank Avenue (road alignment and name) and portions of regrowth bushland respect some aspects of heritage values associated with the cultural landscape.	The project would detrimentally affect the residual Moorebank Cultural Landscape; it would result in disturbance to archaeological deposits, removal of remaining landscape elements, loss of the existing landscape setting, historical associations and loss of access to items. The Moorebank Cultural Landscape has been assessed to be of local and Commonwealth significance in terms of historical associations, research potential, technological characteristics, uniqueness, and Aboriginal cultural values. No further management requirements under the CoCs or REMMs outside of the interpretation of the Moorebank Cultural Landscape as part of the Heritage Interpretation Plan	Disturbance of archaeological deposits, demolition of remaining landscape elements, loss of the existing landscape setting and loss of access to items would result in loss of research potential. It would also result in the loss of the site's uniqueness and technological significance.
MHPAD1	Within construction footprint	Not applicable/none	The project would result in archaeological disturbance of locally significant deposits and in situ building remains at the site. These deposits have also been assessed to be of significance against Commonwealth criteria. Archaeological salvage of MHPAD1 to take place as part of early works. Implementation of Unexpected finds protocol as part of CHMP.	The archaeological disturbance would result in the loss of the research potential associated with these deposits.



Site ID	Location relative to indicative concept layouts	Aspects of the project that respect or enhance the item's heritage significance	Aspects that could detrimentally affect the item's heritage significance	Resultant impact on the item's heritage significance
MHPAD2	Within construction footprint	Not applicable/none	The project would result in archaeological disturbance of locally significant deposits and in situ building remains at the site. These deposits have also been assessed to be of significance against Commonwealth criteria.	The archaeological disturbance would result in the loss of the research potential associated with these deposits.
			Archaeological salvage of MHPAD2 to take place as part of early works. Implementation of Unexpected finds protocol as part of CHMP.	
CUST Hut	Within construction footprint	Not applicable/none	The project would require relocation or demolition of the CUST Hut, as well as disturbance of potential archaeological deposits associated with the building. The CUST Hut and associated archaeological deposits have been assessed to be of local and Commonwealth significance and potentially to have State significance. This is addressed in Section 1.3.2.	The archaeological disturbance would result in the loss of the research potential associated with these deposits. The demolition of the building would result in a total loss of significance in terms of rarity and representativeness, as well as the loss of technical and aesthetic significance. Historical
				associations with this building will also be lost.
Building 99	Within construction footprint	Not applicable/none	The project would result in demolition of the building. The workshop has been assessed to be of significance in terms of its rarity in a local context. It also contributes to the overall historical significance of the Moorebank Cultural Landscape at local and Commonwealth levels.	The demolition of the building would result in a total loss of significance in terms of rarity.
			In terms of mitigation, an archival recording has been prepared. Options for relocation or adaptive reuse have been explored but are not applicable.	
Dog Cemetery (MH1)	Within construction footprint	Not applicable/none	The project would have a detrimental impact on the dog cemetery at MH1; it would result in subsurface/	The archaeological disturbance would result in the loss of significance in terms of



Site ID	Location relative to indicative concept layouts	Aspects of the project that respect or enhance the item's heritage significance	Aspects that could detrimentally affect the item's heritage significance	Resultant impact on the item's heritage significance
			archaeological disturbance to the graves. The cemetery has been assessed to be of local and Commonwealth significance in terms of its historical importance.	its historical association.
			Dog Cemetery has been subject to an archival recording and salvage as part of the MUR Project. As part of Early Works and line with the consultation which occurred with Defence, the exhumation of the graves will be undertaken with recovered remains given to Holsworthy Barracks for commemoration.	
Commemorative Garden (MH6)	Within construction footprint	Not applicable/none	Post-MUR the site as a memorial would lose some social value, as it would lose the immediate and ongoing connection with the members of the SME community and a functioning military establishment. The place would retain local significance as a memorial to SME personnel and their actions. The project would result in disturbance across the entire area. The garden has been assessed to be of local and Commonwealth significance in terms of its historical value.	The ground disturbance would result in the loss of significance in terms of its historical association.
			In terms of mitigation, an archival recording has been prepared. Mitigation options would be considered and included in an Options for Mitigations Report, which will be developed in consultation with relevant stakeholders. The outcome of the Options for Mitigation Report will determine the fate of the item.	
			At this stage, it is anticipated that components of the garden (e.g. plaques and stones) will be used for interpretive displays. **Note: Nothing from the	





Site ID	Location relative to indicative concept layouts	Aspects of the project that respect or enhance the item's heritage significance	Aspects that could detrimentally affect the item's heritage significance	Resultant impact on the item's heritage significance
			MHG.	
Remaining elements of the RAE Chapel	Within construction footprint	Not applicable/none	This item has been identified for partial relocation as part of the MUR Project. The remaining architectural elements of the site would serve as a historical marker of the location and former function of the chapel. The Moorebank IMT Project would require demolition and/or relocation of the remaining parts of the RAE Chapel. This site has been assessed to be of local and Commonwealth significance in terms of its historical associations.	The demolition of the remaining items will result in the loss of the remaining elements of historical significance.
			In terms of mitigation, an archival recording has been prepared. Options for relocation or adaptive reuse have been explored but are not applicable.	
			**Note: Nothing from the RAE Chapel will be 'collected' by MHG.	
RAAF STRARCH Hangar	Within construction footprint	Not applicable/none	The project would have a detrimental impact on the RAAF STRARCH Hangar; it would require the demolition or relocation of the STRARCH Hangar. This building has been assessed to be of local, State and Commonwealth significance in terms of its technical value.	The demolition would result in the loss of significance in terms of technical value.
			This is addressed in Section 1.3.2.	



6 ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION MEASURES

6.1 Construction related measures

A range of environmental requirements are identified in the CoCs. Specific mitigation measures to address impacts on Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal heritage are outlined in Table 8. Where required, further details of the proposed mitigation measures are provided in Section 6.2

Table 8 Construction related measures

		Timing]	
Strategy	Requirement	PE	Е	Responsibility
Inductions	and management proce	esses		
1	Heritage inductions to be completed as part of the overall site induction.	Х	Х	The Contractor's Project Manager
2	Procedure to follow in the event of unexpected finds Aboriginal finds	х	Х	The Contractor's Project Manager
3	Procedure to follow in the event of unexpected finds Non-Aboriginal finds	X	Х	The Contractor's Project Manager
4	Procedure to follow in the event of the discovery of human remains	X	Х	The Contractor's Project Manager
Aboriginal a	and non-Aboriginal inve	stigations	3	
5	Complete all onsite works associated with the Aboriginal heritage salvage strategy. Salvage of MA1, MA2, MA3, MA4 MA5, and MA9.	X		The Contractor's Project Manager
5	Complete all onsite works associated with the Non-Aboriginal heritage salvage strategy. Salvage excavation of MH PAD1, MH PAD2, CUST Hut and Dog Cemetery. These works have not yet been finalised.	X		The Contractor's Project Manager
5	Complete all onsite works associated with the Non- Aboriginal heritage advice (Including	X		SIMTA



Ctt	D	Timing	9	
Strategy	Requirement	PE	Е	Responsibility
	the implementation of the Interpretation Strategy).			
Stakeholde	r consultation			
-	Aboriginal stakeholder consultation is to continue as part of the broader community stakeholder engagement strategy.	X	X	Community Engagement Officer

Notes to table: PE = pre-early works E = early works

6.2 Heritage Protection Management Strategies

Strategy 1: Heritage Inductions and Tool Box Talks

All Contractor's staff (including subcontractors) working on site will undergo site induction training relating to Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal heritage management issues. The induction training will address elements related to heritage management including:

- Requirements of this CHMP and relevant legislation.
- Roles and responsibilities for heritage management.
- Location of identified heritage sites.
- Proposed heritage management and protection measures including the progress of the Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal salvage works.
- Basic identification skills for Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal artefacts and human remains.
- Specific training for personnel working in the vicinity of Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal heritage sites identified on sensitive area mapping.
- Procedure to follow in the event of an unexpected heritage item find during construction works.
- Procedure to follow in the event of discovery of human remains during construction works.
- Penalties, non-compliance and non-conformance with this CHMP.

Training records for all project personnel will be kept and maintained in a register detailing names, dates, content and type of training undertaken. This CHMP should be kept on site at all times and be readily accessible.

The requirements of the CHMP and the unexpected finds protocols should be incorporated into tool box talks, where works are commencing in the vicinity of heritage items or sites, the mapping presented in this report should be reviewed and management measures assessed to ensure no impacts beyond the CoCs are likely to take place.

Strategy 2: Procedure to follow in the event of unexpected Aboriginal finds

The CoCs allow for impacts to known Aboriginal objects within the study area. Where additional objects are identified, an assessment will need to be made as to the significance of the object.

Appendix A contains guidelines around the identification of Aboriginal objects. The *National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974* defines an Aboriginal object as:

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"...any deposit, object or material evidence (not being a handicraft made for sale) relating to the Aboriginal habitation of the area that comprises New South Wales, being habitation before or concurrent with (or both) the occupation of that area by persons of non-Aboriginal extraction, and includes Aboriginal remains..."

The following process should be followed with respect to unexpected finds:

- Should any Aboriginal objects be encountered during works associated with this proposal, works must cease in the vicinity and the find should not be moved until assessed by a qualified archaeologist.
- The archaeologist will investigate and assess the Aboriginal object to determine the nature, extent and significance of the find. This will enable recommendations to be provided on how work can proceed and whether any further work is required. The archaeologist must supply written advice to the Project Manager within 24 hours stating:
 - Determination of whether the find is an Aboriginal object.
 - Advice on whether how the project is to proceed and whether the establishment of any no-go areas is necessary.
 - Recommendation on further works that may be required and timeframe for completion of these works.
 - Any Aboriginal objects will be registered on the Aboriginal Heritage Information Management System (AHIMS). Where sites are impacted, a site impact form will be completed and lodged with AHIMS prior to impact.
- Create a no-go area around the find based upon the advice of the archaeologist.
- The archaeologist's written advice will be supplied to OEH, the secretary and Aboriginal stakeholders for their review. This will include a statement concerning the find, management measures implemented and notification of any further works arising. Aboriginal stakeholders are to be involved in any further assessments or works as required. Any comments made by OEH, the secretary and Aboriginal stakeholders will be incorporated into the written advice prior to finalisation and works proceeding.
- Details of the newly identified site will be recorded on the Aboriginal Heritage Information Management System (AHIMS) within five working days of the inspection. Any relevant reporting forwarded to OEH for their records.
- Should any Aboriginal objects be identified this will trigger a review of this CHMP in accordance with Section 8.
- Work will be able to recommence once further investigations have been completed.

Strategy 3: Procedure of follow in the event of unexpected non-Aboriginal finds

The CoCs allow for impacts to known non- Aboriginal items within the study area. Where additional items are identified, an assessment will need to be made as to the significance of the item. Non-Aboriginal) heritage items may include Archaeological 'relics' or other non-Aboriginal items (i.e. works, structures, buildings or movable objects). The *Heritage Act 1977* defines a relics as:

"...any deposit, artefact, object or material evidence that relates to the settlement of the area that comprises NSW, not being Aboriginal settlement; and is of State or local heritage significance..."

The following process should be followed with respect to unexpected items:

- Should any suspected non-Aboriginal items be encountered during works associated with this proposal, works must cease in the vicinity and the find should not be moved until assessed by a qualified archaeologist.
- The archaeologist will investigate and assess the non- Aboriginal item to determine the nature, extent
 and significance of the find. This will enable recommendations to be provided on how work can proceed
 and whether any further work is required. The archaeologist must supply written advice to the Project
 Manager within 24 hours stating:
 - Determination of whether the find is a non-Aboriginal item.
 - Advice on whether how the project is to proceed and whether the establishment of any no-go areas is necessary.
 - Recommendation on further works that may be required and timeframe for completion of these works.
- Create a no-go area around the find based upon the advice of the archaeologist.

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- Heritage Council of NSW and DPE will need to be notified. This will include a statement concerning the find, management measures implemented and notification of any further works arising.
- Should any non-Aboriginal item be identified this will trigger a review of this CHMP in accordance with Section 8.
- Work will be able to recommence once further investigations have been completed.
- Where impacts to the site are able to be avoided or mitigated, monitoring of the condition of the site may need to take place.

Appendix A contains guidelines around the identification of non-Aboriginal items.

Strategy 4: Procedure to follow in the event of the discovery of human remains

If any suspected human remains are discovered during all activity in the area must cease. The following process must be undertaken:

- Immediately cease all work at that location and not further move or disturb the remains.
- Notify the NSW Police, DPE and OEH's Environmental Line on 131 555 as soon as practicable and provide details of the remains and their location.
- Establish an appropriate no-go area. This will need to be established in consultation with NSW Police, OEH and if necessary, a qualified archaeologist.
- Works will not be able to recommence within the location of the find until confirmation from NSW Police and OEH is obtained. If the remains are confirmed as not being human then works may recommence. In the event that remains are human then consultation, with NSW Police, OEH and the Aboriginal stakeholders to establish a plan of management.
- Works in the vicinity of the find will only be able to commence once the plan of management has been established and approval has been obtained from all relevant parties.
- Should any human remains be identified this will trigger a review of this CHMP in accordance with Section 8.

Strategy 5: Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal investigations

Prior to early works commencing the onsite works associated with the Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal investigations need to be completed in accordance with the strategies and advice required as part of conditions B6 – B9.

The Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal salvage strategies outline the requirements for the following aspects of the project:

- The Aboriginal salvage strategy specifies that Aboriginal sites MA1, MA2, MA3, MA4, MA5 and MA9 are
 to be salvaged prior to the commencement of early works at these locations. No works are to proceed at
 this location until these works have been completed.
- The non-Aboriginal salvage strategy specifies the requirements around the salvage of MHPAD1,
 MHPAD2 and beneath the concrete floor associated with the CUST Hut. The canine remains within the MH1 Dog Cemetery will require salvaging as part of an excavation program.
- No further mitigation measures are anticipated for the STRARCH Hangar, RAE Chapel, Commemorative Garden or B99 Transport Compound. Biosis has noted that archival recordings of these structures have been undertaken prior to the MUR Project and therefore are not required.

Strategy 6: Demarcation of heritage sites

Figures 3 and 4 identified Aboriginal sites that have been identified as being outside of the early works footprint or that are to be conserved. To ensure that these sites are not impacted the following management measures should be implemented:

- The location of these sites should be identified on all construction drawings, heritage inductions and in prestart meetings.
- Where works are taking place within 100 metres of a site, the boundaries of the site should be fenced, or where the site is an individual artefact or tree a minimum distance of 50 metres should be observed.

CONSTRUCTION HERITAGE MANAGEMENT PLAN



Fencing should be erected and maintained for the duration of the activity and may only be removed once the activity has concluded.

- Fencing should consist of non-invasive fencing or marking tape dependent on the activity and should be marked as an "environmentally sensitive area".
- In the event that the boundary of a site cannot be adequately located or identified, the assistance of an archaeologist may be required.
- Heritage sites and fencing should be subject to weekly monitoring inspections by the site environmental
 officer. The location and condition of heritage sites and fencing should be compared to the locations
 identified within the CEMP to ensure that adequate management measures are being maintained.



7 COMPLIANCE MANAGEMENT

7.1 Roles and responsibilities

The Contractor's and SIMITAs organisational structure and overall roles and responsibilities are outlined in Section 5.2 of the CEMP. Specific responsibilities for the implementation of environmental controls are detailed in Section 6 of this CHMP.

The following roles and responsibilities are defined in Section 5.2 of the CEMP and are pertinent to this CHMP:

- The Environmental Representative.
- Contractor's Senior Managers/Directors.
- Contractor's Project Manager/s.
- Contractor's Environment Manager.

7.2 Inspections

Inspections will be undertaken to assess the effectiveness of environmental controls, compliance with this sub-plan, CoC and other relevant approvals, licenses and guidelines. Inspections will be undertaken in accordance with Section 9 of the CEMP.

7.3 Incidents

If an incident occurs that results in actual or potential impacts on known heritage items and/or archaeological items that are discovered unexpectedly, the Secretary and other relevant government agencies will be notified in accordance with Strategy 2 or 3.

Incident reporting and documentation should be made in accordance with the MPW Stage 1 *Incident Report Plan*.

7.4 Non-compliance, Non-conformance and Actions

It is the responsibility of all site personnel to report non-compliances and non-conformances to the Site Supervisor and/or the Contractor's EM.

Non-compliances, non-conformances and corrective and preventative actions will be managed in accordance with Section 10.3 of the CEMP.

7.5 Reporting

Reporting requirements and responsibilities of heritage related issues should be documented in accordance with the environmental management processes in the CEMP. Specifically, monitoring and reporting will be required where approved or unapproved impacts to Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal heritage items take place.



8 REVIEW AND IMPROVEMENT

8.1 Continuous improvement

Opportunities for the improvement of this CHMP will be found through the ongoing evaluation of environmental management performance against environmental policies, objectives and targets. The purpose of this is to:

- Identify opportunities for the improvement of environmental management and performance.
- Determine the cause or causes of non-conformances and deficiencies.
- Development and implementation of a plan of corrective and preventative actions to address any nonconformances and deficiencies in this CHMP.
- Corroborate the efficiency of the corrective and preventative actions.
- Document any changes in procedures resulting from process improvement.
- Revise the objectives and targets of this CHMP accordingly.

8.2 CHMP update and amendment

The processes described in Section 6 and Section 7 of the CEMP may result in the need to update or revise this CHMP. This will occur if there are unexpected finds, incidents to heritage items, or as needed. A copy of the updated CHMP and changes will be distributed to all relevant stakeholders in accordance with the approved document control procedure.



APPENDIX A: IDENTIFYING ABORIGINAL OBJECTS AND NON-ABORIGINAL HERITAGE ITEMS

This appendix includes an excerpt from Roads and Maritime Services: *Standard management procedure – Unexpected heritage items.*



IDENTIFYING UNEXPECTED HERITAGE ITEMS

The following images can be used to assist in the preliminary identification of potential unexpected items (both Aboriginal and non-Aboriginal) during construction and maintenance works. Please note this is not a comprehensive typology.



Top left-hand picture continuing clockwise: Stock camp remnants (Hume Highway Bypass at Tarcutta); Linear archaeological feature with post holes (Hume Highway Duplication), Animal bones (Hume Highway Bypass at Woomargama); Cut wooden stake; Glass jars, bottles, spoon and fork recovered from refuse pit associated with a Newcastle Hotel (Pacific Highway, Adamstown Heights, Newcastle area).





Top left hand picture continuing clockwise: Woodstave water pipe with tar and wire sealing (Horsley Drive); Tram tracks (Sydney); Brick lined cistern (Clyde); Retaining wall (Great Western Highway, Leura).





Top left hand picture continuing clockwise: Road pavement (Great Western Highway, Lawson); Sandstone kerbing and guttering (Parramatta Road, Mays Hill); Telford road (sandstone road base, Great Western Highway, Leura); Ceramic conduit and sandstone culvert headwall (Blue Mountains, NSW); Corduroy road (timber road base, Entrance Road, Wamberai).





Top left hand corner continuing clockwise: Alignment Pin (Great Western Highway, Wentworth Falls); Survey tree (MR7, Albury); Survey tree (Kidman Way, Darlington Point, Murrumbidgee); Survey tree (Cobb Highway, Deniliquin); Milestone (Great Western Highway, Kingswood, Penrith); Alignment Stone (near Guntawong Road, Riverstone). Please note survey marks may have additional statutory protection under the *Surveying and Spatial Information Act 2002*.











Top left hand corner continuing clockwise: Remnant bridge piers (Putty Road, Bulga); Wooden boundary fence (Campbelltown Road, Denham Court); Dairy shed (Ballina); Golden Arrow Mine Shaft.





Top left hand corner: Culturally modified stone discovered on Main Road 92, about two kilometres west of Sassafras. The remaining images show a selection of stone artefacts retrieved from test and salvage archaeological excavations during the Hume Highway Duplication and Bypass projects from 2006-2010.



APPENDIX B: CONSULTATION REGISTER



SIMT	A-LPWDR-Consultat	tion register							
Item	Organisation	Management Plan	Position	Contact	Phone	Email address	LI Rep	Date Contacted	Notes
								23/09/2016	Called mobile Left message and text
							Nethan Kana	6/10/2016	Called mobile Left message
1	Liverpool Bicycle User	СТМР		Maree Stacy	0419203379	mastacy@aims1.every1.net.		6/10/2016	Maree called back and I resent email for her to review
	Group							12/10/2016	Email from Maree stating that cyclists are not impacted. No further comment.
			Sargent	Leemon	(02) 9765 9499			26/09/2016	Called left message, was on night shift
				23/09/2016	Called and discussed project start with rob Stanford at the desk request I call in on Monday				
	Liverpool		Senior				Nethan	23/09/2016	Set Email to Christy Malberg
2	Liverpool Police station	СТМР	Constable	Christy Mahlberg	(02) 9765 9499	mahl1kri@police.nsw.gov.au	Kana	27/09/2016	Called Christy Malberg doc to be reviewed by end of the week
								6/10/2016	Called Christy Malberg. She advised they have reviewed and have no feedback/comment.
								23/09/2016	Called and discussed project start with officer Gibson
								23/09/2016	Sent Email
		СТМР						25/09/2016	Follow up with Station Officer fire brigade to collect lock from core blding Glen
	Livernool Fire			O:h	02.0024		Nother	6/10/2016	Called and was advised they have reviewed and have no comments.
3	Liverpool Fire Station	Emergency Hydrant and Stand Pipe Map	Station officer	Gibson Fletcher	02 9824 0521	fletcher.gibson@fire.nsw.gov.au	Nethan Kana	21/12/2016	Map emailed to Gibson Fletcher.
4	Road user groups	СТМР					Nethan Kana	23/09/2016	Called council talked Phill customers service, no registered groups, Searched internet (Google) no user groups Sent email to KJA no Listing on their database



SIMTA	A-LPWDR-Consulta	tion register										
Item	Organisation	Management Plan	Position	Contact	Phone	Email address	LI Rep	Date Contacted	Notes			
5	Pedestrian groups	СТМР					Nethan Kana	23/09/2016	Called council talked Phil customer service, no registered groups, Searched internet (Google) no user groups Sent email to KJA no Listing on their database			
		СЕМР						23/09/2016	Called council discussed with Sheela (PA to Toni Averi) drop of management plans			
		CTAMP (Traffic)	e) AP					26/09/2016	Dropped Management Plans to Council (Liz)			
		CHMP (Heritage)				27/09/2016 Called Ash Chan 98219285 will re	Called Ash Chan 98219285 will review and advise by end of the week					
									29/09/2016	Called Ash Chan meeting next week 5th wed and friday7th		
		CSAWMP (Soil and Water)			Nethan Kana	30/09/2016	Held meeting with council Ash Chan @ 3pm gave him overview of scope of works. Requested invitation to heritage committee meeting on site and CEMP Sub plans. Sub Plans & invitation sent on the 5/10/2016. Council declined to attended site meeting 5/10/2106 via email					
								19/10/2016	mail received asking for Dilapidation report to be completed.			
6	Liverpool City Council		Director Planning and Growth		(02) 9821- 9396	T.Averay@liverpool.nsw.gov.au		28/10/2016	Emailed options for mitigation report.			
		Options for Mitigation Report	Alex Beben	22/11/2016	Response received from LCC. "Council recommends that no demolition of the CUST Hut and STRARCH Hanger should occur until such time as the Interpretation Strategy be reviewed and amended by Tactical"							
		Noport						12/12/2016	Final report sent to LCC for information.			
					16/12/2016	LCC acknowledged receipt of report.						
		СЕМР						26/09/2016	Document package dropped off			



SIMT	A-LPWDR-Consultat	tion register							
Item	Organisation	Management Plan	Position	Contact	Phone	Email address	LI Rep	Date Contacted	Notes
		CNAVMP						27/09/2016	Called George Orel Left message
		CAQMP (Air Quality)						27/09/2016	George called back will review plans and advise
	Environment	CSAWMP	Environmental	George	(02) 9995-		Nethan	6/10/2016	Called left message
7	Protection Authority (EPA)	(Soil and Water)	Officer	Orel	6849	george.orel@epa.nsw.gov.au	Kana	7/10/2016	Email received from George Orel stating that the EPA does not intend to review the plans.
								19/09/2016	Aboriginal salvage strategy sent, via email
8	Office of Environment and Heritage	CHMP (Aboriginal Salvage)	Conservation Planning Officer	Susan Harrison	(02) 9995- 6917		Rebecca Morris (Biosis)	20/09/2016	Email received from OEH stating they do not intend to review and comment on the Aboriginal salvage strategy.
9	NSW Heritage Council (for non-Aboriginal Heritage Items)	CHMP (Heritage)	Senior Team Leader, Archaeology	Katrina Stankowski	(02) 9873 8569	Katrina.Stankowski@environment.nsw.gov.au	Rebecca Morris (Biosis)	19/09/2016	Non-Aboriginal salvage strategy sent, via email
							Alexander Beben	16/09/2016	CHMP sent, via email
							Rebecca Morris (Biosis)	19/09/2016	Aboriginal salvage strategy sent, via email
							Alexander Beben	17/10/2016	Called and left a voicemail regarding the CHMP but no response received
							Samantha Keats (Biosis)	31/10/2016	Emailed invitation to participate in salvage excavations. Denise accepted ands will attend.
	Tharawal Local Aboriginal	СНМР	Registered Aboriginal	Denise	(02) 4681		Mitch Broughton	13/01/2017	Called and spoke to Kim. She was not sure if they ever received the Salvage strategy but advised to email it to Denise for review.
10	Land Council (Aboriginal Heritage)	(Heritage)	Party	Ezzy	0059	informationofficer@tharawal.com.au	Broughton (LIB)	13/01/2017	Emailed Salvage Strategy to Denise for review.
							Mathew Smith (Biosis)	13/01/2017	Spoke with Denise. She has responded with a letter accepting the strategy.



SIMT	A-LPWDR-Consulta	tion register							
Item	Organisation	Management Plan	Position	Contact	Phone	Email address	LI Rep	Date Contacted	Notes
							Rebecca Morris	19/09/2016	Aboriginal salvage strategy sent, via email
							Samantha Keats (Biosis)	31/10/2016	Emailed invitation to participate in salvage excavations.
								13/01/2017	Phone call to discuss strategy, no answer.
								13/01/2017	Emailed Salvage Strategy to Glenda for review.
	Cubbitch Barta Native Title		Registered					14/01/2017	Email received from Glenda. She has requested a hardcopy of the strategy be posted to her.
11	Claimants Aboriginal Corporation	CHMP (Heritage)	Aboriginal Party	Glenda Chalker	0427218425	kgchalker@bigpond.com	Mitch Broughton (LIB)	16/01/2017	Hardcopy of Salvage strategy dropped off to Glenda.
	Corporation						(LIB)	20/01/2016	Sent email following up on Glenda's review.
								22/01/2016	Glenda emailed saying that her review response will be posted to us in Mondays mail.
							Rebecca	19/09/2016	Aboriginal salvage strategy sent, via email
							Morris (Biosis)	25/09/2016	Jamie Workman contacted Alex Beben via phone agreeing with salvage strategy.
12	Darug Land Observations	CHMP (Heritage)	Registered Aboriginal Party	Gordon Workman		gordow51@bigpond.net.au	Alex Beben (Biosis)	10/10/2016	Letter received via email supporting the strategy and stating their preference for reburial of artefacts.
							Samantha Keats	31/10/2016	Emailed invitation to participate in salvage excavations.
							Rebecca Morris	19/09/2016	Aboriginal salvage strategy sent, via email
							Samantha Keats	31/10/2016	Emailed invitation to participate in salvage excavations.
		CUNT	Registered Aboriginal		(00) 4577	Leanne@murumittigar.com.au	Mitch Broughton	13/01/2017	Phone call to discuss strategy, no answer.
13	Darug Custodian	CHMP (Heritage)	Party	Leanne Watson	(02) 4577 5181	justinecoplin@optusnet.com.au	(LIB)	13/01/2017	Emailed Salvage Strategy to Leanne for review.



SIMT	A-LPWDR-Consulta	tion register						
Item	Organisation	Management Plan	Position	Contact Phone	Email address	LI Rep	Date Contacted	Notes
	Aboriginal Corporation						13/01/2017	Spoke with Leanne. She said to contact Justine. Phone call to Justine, no response.
						Rebecca Morris (Biosis)	13/01/2016	Spoke to Justine. She agrees with the salvage methodology. Also notified Justine that salvage field work has been postponed.
	Darug Aboriginal	СНМР	Registered Aboriginal	Celestine		Rebecca Morris (Biosis)	19/09/2016	Aboriginal salvage strategy sent, via registered post
14	Cultural Heritage Assessments	(Heritage)	Party	Everingham		Alex Beben	23/09/2016	Celestine contacted Alex Beben via phone agreeing with salvage strategy.
						Rebecca Morris (Biosis)	19/09/2016	Aboriginal salvage strategy sent, via email
				Des Dyer		Alex Beben (Biosis)	27/09/2016	Email received accepting the strategy with comments. "We agree with the all your recommendation and methodology, in your report. The area is very important to the Darug people. We would like to see a plan of management be put in place to reburied of artefacts, or can be displayed with signage ,buried close to where they were found and were they won't be impacted on once the development in completed. Any scared trees, Rock engraving or grinding grooves in a site, be protected."
15	Darug Aboriginal Landcare	CHMP (Heritage)	Registered Aboriginal Party		desmond4552@hotmail.com	Mitch Broughton (LIB)	13/01/2017	Emailed salvage strategy to Des for review.
	Incorporated						13/01/2017	Discussed strategy with Des. He has agreed to the methodology.
				Ricky Fields		Rebecca Morris (Biosis)	13/01/2017	Spoke to Ricky and advised him that salvage field work has been postponed.
						Rebecca Morris (Biosis)	19/09/2016	Aboriginal salvage strategy sent, via registered post



SIMT	A-LPWDR-Consultat	ion register							
Item	Organisation	Management Plan	Position	Contact	Phone	Email address	LI Rep	Date Contacted	Notes
16	Banyadjaminga Swagg Inc.	CHMP (Heritage)	Registered Aboriginal Party				Mitch Broughton (LIB)	13/01/2017	Called Tharawal Local Aboriginal Land Council and spoke to Denise to try and get some contact details for Banyadjaminga Swagg Inc. She advised that she does not have details for them and that they would not review the plan as they do not have an interest in Aboriginal heritage salvage, as they are a charity.
				Danny Franks			Rebecca Morris (Biosis)	13/01/2017	Aboriginal salvage strategy sent via email.
								13/01/2017	Called to discuss strategy. Left voicemail.



SIMT	A-LPWDR-Consultat	ion register							
Item	Organisation	Management Plan	Position	Contact	Phone	Email address	LI Rep	Date Contacted	Notes
17	Tocumwall (Yarrawalk Enterprises/ division of Tocomwall)	CHMP (Heritage)	Registered Aboriginal Party	Scott Franks	Office - 02 9542 7714 Scott Franks - 0404 171 544 Danny Franks - 0415226725	danny@tocomwall.com.au info@tocomwall.com.au	Mitch Broughton (LIB)	19/01/2017	Contacted the owner of Tocomwall, Scott Franks. I gave him back ground on the project and our consultation with the RAP's, as part of our planning approval process. He said he was aware of the project, as they were involved in the tender with Liberty. He said he had received the strategy from Biosis last week, so if I had the same document he didn't need to be re-sent it. Basically he is very annoyed that ocomwall were involved with Liberty in the tender, but were dropped for the project works. He advised that due to this fact Tocomwal would obviously reject the Biosis strategy compared to Tocomwall's initial heritage recommendations. He did give me a phone number of Danny Franks who manages the Heritage works for Tocomwall and said to discuss with him what had happened since the tender process. He seems quite interested in finding out why they were not involved in the project works and not so interested in responding to the request for review.
								19/01/2016	Spoke to Danny Franks and Chaz. They are reviewing and have many comments on the strategy. They will send through to Alex Beben today / tomorrow.



SIMT	MTA-LPWDR-Consultation register											
Item	Organisation	Management Plan	Position	Contact	Phone	Email address	LI Rep	Date Contacted	Notes			
				Danny Franks				19/01/2016	Phone call from Jakub Czastka verbally communicating content of letter (received shortly after). Requested a copy of the approval (submitted via email by Alex Beben) and geotechnical information (directed to the Major projects website during conversation).			
							Alex Beben (Biosis)	19/01/2016	Letter detailing recommendations to salvage strategy. See Appendix B of ACH Strategy.			
								19/01/2016	Email thanking Tocomwall for comments and supplying project approval as requested. No further comments received.			
10	Gandangara Local	СНМР	Registered Aboriginal	Brad			Rebecca	13/01/2017	Aboriginal salvage strategy sent via email.			
18	Aboriginal Land Council	(Heritage)	Party	Maybury			Morris (Biosis)	13/01/2016	Advised that Brad is on leave, returning to work 16/01/2017.			
		CSWMP						27/09/2016	Called left Message			
								29/09/2106	Email management plans			
		CEMP						29/09/2016	Called discussed follow up next week, has not had a chance to review			
				Janne			Nethan	6/10/2016	Janne called and advised that it's a 4 week turn around.			
19	Office of Water		Officer	Grose	88387505	janne.grose@water.nsw.gov.au	Kana	18/10/2016	CFFMP emailed to Janne			
		CFFMP						8/11/2016	Review comments received			
								17/11/2016	Plan amended. Consultation closed.			
		CSAWMP (Soil and						27/09/2016	Email management plans			
	Department of	CEMP	Land Use				Nethan	27/09/2016	Called left message			
20	Primary Industries		Planning Coordinating	Wayne	(02) 9338-	wayne.jones@dpi.nsw.gov.au		29/09/2016	Called left message			
20	(Fisheries & Office of Water) (DPI)		Officer	Jones	6708		Kana	12/10/2016	sent email bounced back			
								27/09/2016	Called left message			



SIMT	ATA-LPWDR-Consultation register											
Item	Organisation	Management Plan	Position	Contact	Phone	Email address	LI Rep	Date Contacted	Notes			
								28/09/2016	Email management plans			
		CEMP	Fisheries Conservation					29/09/2016	Called left message.			
21	Fisheries		Manager	Carla Canassin	(02) 4222-	carla.ganassin@dpi.nsw.gov.au	Nethan Kana	5/10/2016	Called left message.			
		CEMP						26/09/2016	Dropped Management Plans to OEH.			
		CHMP (Heritage)			27/09/2016	Called left Message to follow up on status of review.						
		CFFMP (Flora &						29/09/2016	Called left message to follow up on status of review.			
								12/10/2016	Sent email to follow up on status of review.			
	Office of Environment		Conservation	Richard	(02) 9995-		Nethan	17/11/2016	Called left message to follow up on status of review.			
22	and Heritage (OEH)		Planning Officer	Bonner	6917	richard.bonner@environment.nsw.gov.au	Kana	9/01/2017	Called Richard no answer. Called OEH general number and spoke to Susan Harrison. She advised that they have been swamped the past few months and have been focusing on project pre approvals not the post approval project plans we have submitted. As we have not received any comments to date consider "no comment" from OEH.			
	Office of							28/10/2016	Clarification over whether OEH is aware that the archaeological salvage strategy submitted on 19 September 2016 forms part of CoA B7 of the Early Works Approval and not the Concept Approval.			
23	Environment and Heritage (OEH)	Aboriginal salvage strategy		Marnie Stuart		'Marnie.Stewart@environment.nsw.gov.au'	Alex Beben	3/11/2016	Follow up email to check status of review. No response.			
	(OLII)							5/12/2016	Email sent advising that and unexpected Aboriginal find was discovered.			
			Major Projects	Bronwyn Smith	(02) 9873 8569	bronwyn.smith@environment.nsw.gov.au	Alex Beben	28/10/2016	Emailed options for mitigation report for review.			



SIMTA-LPWDR-Consultation register									
Item	Organisation	Management Plan	Position	Contact	Phone	Email address	LI Rep	Date Contacted	Notes
24	NSW Heritage Council (for non-Aboriginal Heritage Items)	Options for Mitigation Report	Archaeologist, Archaeological Heritage - Conservation Section	Rebecca Newell	(02) 9873 8517	Rebecca.Newell@environment.nsw.gov.au	Alex Beben	9/11/2016	Initial comments received. Detailed comments expected by 18/11/2016.
								17/11/2016	Final review comments received.
								12/12/2016	Final report sent for information.
								16/12/2016	Phone call received from Rebecca acknowledging receipt of report.
		СНМР					Mitch Broughton	31/01/2017	Phone call to Rebecca to discuss review of CHMP. CHMP emailed to Rebecca for review.
							(LIB)	1/02/2017	Rebecca acknowledged receipt of report.
							Alex Beben	21/02/2017	Phone call to Rebecca to follow up on review of the CHMP, as the allocated review period of 21 days has passed since the document was emailed for review. Rebecca advised that she is dealing with DPE directly and Tactical and Liberty should not contact the Heritage council but contact DPE for feedback. No feedback or comments have been received from DPE.
25	Moorebank Heritage Group (MHG)	Options for Mitigation Report	n/a	Pam Browne	0408 579 781	info@moorebankheritage.org.au	Alex Beben	28/10/2016	Emailed options for mitigation report.
								10/11/2016	Response received.
								12/12/2016	Final report sent for information.
								16/12/12016	MHG acknowledged receipt of report.
26	Rural Fire Service (RFS)	Emergency Hydrant and Stand Pipe Map	Inspector	Michael			Nethan	20/12/2016	Map emailed to Inspector Markwort.
				Markwort		Michael.Markwort@rfs.nsw.gov.au	Kana	21/12/2016	Inspector Markwort responded via email acknowledging receipt of the map.
27	Department of Defence (SME)	Options for Mitigation Report	Major			david.pitts@defence.gov.au	Marc Ragowski (TAC)	21/10/2016	Report emailed to Major Pitts
				David Pitts	27/10/2016			Major Pitts responded stating he will review.	
								7/11/2016	Major Pitts responded with review comments.



APPENDIX C: PHOTOGRAPHING UNEXPECTED HERITAGE ITEMS

Removal of the item from its context (e.g. excavating from the ground) for photographic purposes is not permitted.

Photographs of unexpected items in their current context (*in situ*) may assist heritage staff and archaeologists to better identify the heritage values of the item. Emailing good quality photographs to specialists can allow for better quality and faster heritage advice. The key elements that must be captured in photographs of the item include its position, the item itself and any distinguishing features. All photographs must have a scale (ruler, scale bar, mobile phone, coin) and a note describing the direction of the photograph.

Context and detailed photographs

It is important to take a general photograph (Figure 1) to convey the location and setting of the item. This will add much value to the subsequent detailed photographs also required (Figure 2).

Figure 1: Telford road uncovered on the Great Western Highway (Leura) in 2008.





Figure 2: Close up detail of the sandstone surface showing material type, formation and construction detail. This is essential for establishing date of the feature.

Photographing distinguishing features

Where unexpected items have a distinguishing feature, close up detailed photographs must be taken of this, where practicable. In the case of a building or bridge, this may include diagnostic details architectural or technical features. See Figures 3 and 4 for examples.





Figure 3: Ceramic bottle artefact with stamp.

Figure 4: Detail of the stamp allows 'Tooth & Co Limited' to be made out. This is helpful to a specialist in gauging the artefact's origin, manufacturing date and likely significance.

Photographing bones

The majority of bones found on site will those of be recently deceased animal bones often requiring no further assessment (unless they are in archaeological context).

However, if bones are human, Roads and Maritime must contact the police immediately (see Appendix F for detailed guidance). Taking quality photographs of the bones can often resolve this issue quickly. Heritage staff in Environment Branch can confirm if bones are human or non-human if provided with appropriate photographs.

Ensure that photographs of bones are not concealed by foliage (Figure 5) as this makes it difficult to identify. Minor hand removal of foliage can be undertaken as long as disturbance of the bone does not occur. Excavation of the ground to remove bone(s) should not occur, nor should they be pulled out of the ground if partially exposed.

Where sediment (adhering to a bone found on the ground surface) conceals portions of a bone (Figure 6) ensure the photograph is taken of the bone (if any) that is not concealed by sediment.







Figure 5: Bone concealed by foliage. Figure 6: Bone covered in sediment

Ensure that all close up photographs include the whole bone and then specific details of the bone (especially the ends of long bones, the *epiphysis*, which is critical for species identification). Figures 7 and 8 are examples of good photographs of bones that can easily be identified from the photograph alone. They show sufficient detail of the complete bone and the epiphysis.







Figure 7: Photograph showing complete bone. Figure 8: Close up of a long bone's epiphysis.